

The requirements of this document must be a part of the contractual agreement with the supplier. This document outlines the manufacturing requirements for production of pre-packs to ensure the quality and food safety of materials supplied to The Coca-Cola system (TCCS).

This document applies to suppliers of pre-packed ingredients for TCCS. The Supplier Quality Team will assess the capability of the supplier to meet this requirement during the on-site supplier assessment.

Requirements

Meet all requirements in this document along with current The Coca-Cola Company (TCCC) supplier requirements, agreed specifications, and other agreed TCCC processes.

1.1 Demonstrate that current TCCC specifications and requirements are adhered to and accessible when needed.

Fill Control

- 2 Verify that ingredients maintain uniformity/homogeneity during packaging.
- 3 Calibrate scale(s) according to local regulatory requirements.
 - **3.1** Demonstrate calibration is:
 - traceable to national standards.
 - verified on a regular basis.
 - **3.2** Maintain calibration records.
- 4 Perform a scale validation check prior to use using either
 - a standard weight within ± 0.5% (calibration tolerance) of target weight to be filled, or
 - cover the range of usage in the validation.
 - **4.1.1** Record weight and reading.
- 5 Verify standard weights annually by an external certification body and maintain records.
- **6** Use a scale that can increase in increments to cover the weight being filled (See Table 1 for Fill Tolerances).

Table 1. Fill Tolerances for Pre-packs

Powder Prepacks		Liquid Prepacks	
Net Weight	Tolerance % target weight	Net Weight	Tolerance % target weight
<0.050 kg	± 5.0%	0 to 1.00 kg	± 1.00 %
0.051 to 0.250 kg	± 4.0%	1.01 to 100 kg	± 0.50 %
0.251 to 1.000 kg	± 1.5%	110 to 250 kg	± 0.40 %
1.001 to 50.00	± 1%	251 to 750 kg	± 0.30 %
>50.00 kg	± 0.5%	751 to 2000 kg	± 0.20 %



- 7 Verify the filling weight of containers as follows:
 - Use a checkweigher (second balance) on automatic lines.
 - The checkweigher must detect underfill or overfill on the primary package filled.
 - Calibrate the checkweigher according to local regulatory requirements.
 - Use manual weight checks (on second balance) in the absence of a checkweigher on automatic lines.
 - Use at least the sample number equivalent to the square root of the number of containers being filled and covering the beginning, middle and end of the batch.
 - Verify the weight of containers filled manually a second time.
- 8 Submit a weight manifest for pre-pack ingredients with each batch shipment in one of the following formats this document must be approved by TCCC prior to the first pre-pack shipment:
 - All weights of filled containers (automatic filling line print out) or
 - Weight of square of filled containers (manual line) or
 - Weight of another statistically relevant sampling system (manual). or
 - Average weight + the standard deviation for weights filled, + max and min weights filled.
- **9** Verify and monitor the accuracy of the filling device when using volumetric filling.
 - 9.1 The fill control should be based on weight.
- **10** Control the net weight of products filled per container.
 - **10.1** This should not vary by more than the fill tolerances outlined in Appendix 1.
- **11** CPS, in consultation with the Supplier Quality Team, R&D and BU (as needed), shall approve/accept weight requirement of the pre-pack.
 - **11.1** Approval/acceptance must be based on the risk assessment.

Filling and Sealing Process

- 12 Verify that the equipment is clean and free from foreign odor prior to filling.
- **13** Maintain records of cleaning and sanitizing sessions.
- **14** Maintain records of the bag and container seal integrity check.

Foreign Body Control at the final filling step

- 15 Complete a risk assessment for foreign body control, which includes sieves, magnets, metal rejection and/or metal detection capability on dry filling lines.
 - 15.1 The risk assessment will be assessed by the Supplier Quality Team during the on-site audit.
- 16 If magnets or sieves are used, ensure they are appropriate for the material being processed, validated, and monitored.
 - **16.1** Set a frequency for validating, verifying, and monitoring the operation of sieves and magnets.



- **16.2** If a nonconformance is detected during in-process and finished product monitoring, assess all product from the point the nonconformance is detected back to the last acceptable quality check.
- **17** If metal rejection and/or metal detection are used, follow the guidelines below.
 - 17.1 Verify the performance of the metal detector
 - at the beginning and end of each shift,
 - at the beginning and end of the batch (if it takes more than one shift) or
 - at a frequency otherwise validated and approved by TCCC, should the two options above are not feasible.
 - **17.2** Maintain the validation and verification records for metal detection.
 - **17.3** Set performance standards by validating the foreign body control equipment for the package and product combinations in use.
 - **17.4** If a different process other than the one outlined above is followed, the facility must be able to demonstrate that it is effective and suitable for their process.

Labeling

- **18** Apply labels as per the agreement with TCCC.
- **19** Crosscheck labels with appropriate documentation.
- 20 Develop a process that allows the labels to be reconciled at the completion of filling.
 - **20.1** Where possible, retain one label from each filling run and attach it to the manufacturing records for traceability.
- **21** Store all labels in a secure area.
- 22 Destroy or return any excess labels as per agreement with TCCC.

Climate Control Area

- **23** Determine if the ingredient is sensitive to temperature and humidity.
 - 23.1 If sensitive to temperature and humidity:
 - calculate the temperature and humidity limits
 - continuously monitor the temperature and humidity of raw material handling areas
 - continuously monitor the temperature and humidity of mixing and filling areas.

Supporting Documents

Supplier Requirement- General	SU-RQ-005
Ingredient Supplier Requirements	SU-RQ-010
Ingredient Supplier Requirement— Food Allergen and Sensitivity Control	SU-RQ-110

NOTE: Recommended metal detector performance standards: ferrous 2.0 mm, nonferrous 2.5 mm, and stainless steel 3.0 mm.



Definitions

Pre-pack: A material filled to an agreed unitized weight and supplied to the bottler or CPS location site without being previously opened at any TCCC entity.

Pre-pack supplier: A supplier authorized by The Coca-Cola Company under its selection process ("Authorized Supplier") and with written agreement from The Coca-Cola Company, or its affiliates, to supply ingredients to a specified weight with controls in place that meet the requirements defined in this pre-pack requirements. Suppliers authorized to supply pre-packs are noted as such in the facility record in Picasso.

The Coca-Cola system: The Coca-Cola Company and its bottling partners.

Weight manifest: This is written confirmation that the ingredients' actual net weight in each package meets the weight tolerances of The Coca-Cola Company as stated in appendix 1 of this document. The weight manifest must be batch and delivery specific. This information must be reported to the stated significant digit.

Revision History

Revision Date	Summary of Change
31-May-2019	Updated the definitions for weight manifest and pre-pack. Also added the definition for Pre-pack supplier. Added a requirement to submit weight manifest along with the acceptable formats. Added requirement to place accountability of acceptance/approval of pre-pack weight onto CPS. Removed reference to appendix two and removed appendix two.
15-Dec-2014	New document to establish the minimum mandatory TCCC requirements for suppliers of pre-packed ingredients. This document brings requirements from the internal Dry Filling Requirements (BP-RQ-320) and the Commercial Instruction shared with suppliers of pre-packed ingredients.